

$$10) m = 5 \text{ kg}$$

$$v = 10 \text{ m/s}$$

$$t = 4 \text{ s}$$

$$p = ?$$

$$p = mv \\ = (5 \text{ kg})(10 \text{ m/s})$$

$$= 50 \frac{\text{kg m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$11) m = 0.5 \text{ kg}$$

$$F_G = 1.2 \text{ N}$$

$$d_k = ?$$

$$F_G = d(F_N)$$

Given is the mass you have to convert to weight first in order to get the  $F_N$

$$F_g = ma \\ = (0.5 \text{ kg})(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)$$

$$= 4.905 \text{ kg m/s}^2 \text{ or } \text{N}$$

Solve for  $d$

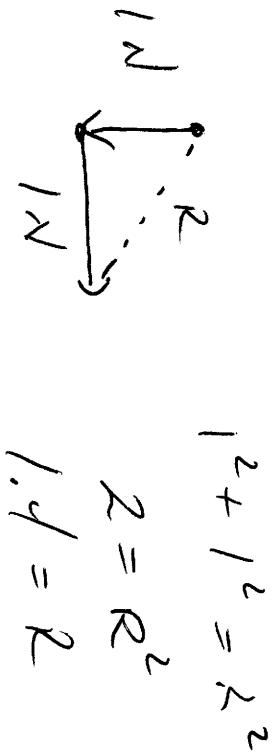
$$d = \frac{F_G}{F_N} = \frac{1.2 \text{ N}}{4.905 \text{ N}} = 0.245$$

12)  $a = \frac{F_{\text{net}}}{m}$  Greatest acceleration will be caused by greatest unbalanced force on the block

2 & 4 are balanced  $\Rightarrow$  NO a

3 is unbalanced to the east of 1N

\* 1 you have to do vector addition



Largest unbalanced force  $\Rightarrow$  greatest a

13)  $F = 175 \text{ N}$

$m = 87.5 \text{ kg}$

$h = .35 \text{ Dm}$

$g = ?$

$$g = \frac{F_g}{m} = \frac{175 \text{ N}}{87.5 \text{ kg}}$$

$$= 2 \frac{\text{N}}{\text{kg}}$$

14) Friction causes the car to stop  
Friction creates heat

$\Rightarrow$  internal energy increases

15) decreases resistance

short, fat, cold, silver wires make the best conductors because they have the least resistance

$$R = \frac{\rho L}{A}$$

$\times 1) \uparrow L \quad \uparrow R = \frac{\rho L}{A} \uparrow$

$\times 2) \uparrow \rho \quad \uparrow R = \frac{\rho L}{A}$

\* 3) decrease temperature that must make superconductors that must be ~~cooled~~ cooled to very low temps  $\Rightarrow \downarrow R$

$\times 4) \downarrow \text{diameter} \Rightarrow \downarrow a$

$$\uparrow R = \frac{\rho L}{A \downarrow}$$

16) Velocity is tangent to the circle at that point in time in the direction of rotation  $\downarrow v$

$a_c$  is always directed toward the center of the circle  $\leftarrow a$